

Veterinary Health Certificate for Export of Breeding Cattle from the United States of America to Israel


Veterinary Authority

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Date Of Issue
Certificate Number
1. Consignor:
2. Consignee:
3. Country Of Origin:

USA

4. State Of Origin:
5. Country Of Destination:

Israel

6. Zone Of Destination:

7. Place Of Origin:
8. Port Of Embarkation / Border Crossing:
9. Estimated Date Of Shipment:
10. Means Of Transport:

11. *****

12. CITES Permit Number:

13. Description Of Commodity:

Cattle

14. Date Of Inspection:
15. Total Quantity:
16. Additional Information:
17. Total Number Of Packages/Containers:
18. Identification / Seal Numbers:
19. Commodities Intended Use:

Breeding

20. Type Of Admission:
21. Identification Of Commodities:

(See next page)

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21. Identification Of Commodities: Continued

Breed	Sex	Age (months)	RFID number (required)	Other identification (if applicable)

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Additional Field(s):

IVSAH-issued import permit number:

Start Date of Isolation:

Certification Statements:

II. ANIMAL HEALTH CERTIFICATIONS:

I, the undersigned USDA accredited veterinarian, certify to the following statements:

1. The United States is free in the last 6 months of contagious bovine pleuropneumonia, foot and mouth disease, and rinderpest.

2. The United States is recognized by the World Organization for Animal Health (WOAH) as a country with negligible risk of bovine spongiform encephalopathy (BSE). The United States complies with the conditions prescribed by the WOAH Terrestrial Animal Health Code including completing a risk assessment; maintaining a surveillance program; and conforming to programs, notifications, ruminant feed-control and identification, movement control and destruction (at slaughter or death) for indigenous cases.

3. Cattle to be exported were born in the United States.

4. Have not received any stilbene or thyreostatic substances, oestrogenic, androgenic, gestagenic, or β -agonist substances for purposes other than therapeutic or zootechnic treatment.

5. The herds of origin:

a. Are in states officially free of tuberculosis and brucellosis for the 12 months prior to export.

b. Have been free of clinical cases of trichomoniasis, campylobacteriosis, infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV), bovine viral diarrhea/mucosal disease (BVD/MD), leptospirosis, paratuberculosis (Johne's disease) or enzootic bovine leukosis for the 12 months prior to export.

c. Have been in an area with a 150 km radius where there has been no reports of clinical cases of bluetongue or epizootic hemorrhagic disease in cattle for 60 days prior to export.

6. Cattle were isolated for at least 8 days prior to their movement for export under the supervision of a USDA accredited veterinarian.

7. Cattle were inspected within 8 days prior to export and found to be free from clinical evidence of communicable diseases.

8. Cattle come from premises where there have been no confirmed cases of H5N1 influenza within a 10 km radius (including where appropriate, the territory of a neighboring country) for the 30 days prior to export.

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9. Cattle were isolated in a facility where there have been no confirmed cases of H5N1 influenza within a 10 km radius (including where appropriate, the territory of a neighboring country) for the 30 days prior to export.

10. Cattle for export were either:

[O] In case of less than 90 head of cattle, all cattle for export were tested negative by Real-time PCR (RT-PCR) for H5N1 using nasal swabs no more than seven (7) days prior to their movement for isolation in pre-export quarantine; AND were isolated for at least eight (8) days prior to export.

Test Date: _____

[O] In case of more than 90 head of cattle, a minimum of 90 head of the cattle for export were tested negative by Real-time PCR (RT-PCR) for H5N1 using nasal swabs no more than seven (7) days prior to their movement for isolation in pre-export quarantine; AND were isolated for at least 16 days prior to export.

Test Date: _____

III. TEST REQUIREMENTS:

1. Cattle for export are test negative for enzootic bovine leukosis (EBL) twice, with at least 30 days between the tests, and the second test was conducted during isolation.

First Test Date(s): _____

Second Test Date(s): _____

For IBR/IPV, select the option that applies:

2. [O] Cattle not vaccinated for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV) as stated in number IV.1. must be kept in quarantine for at least 30 days prior to shipment, and tested negative on a blood sample for IBR/IPV twice, with at least 21 days between the tests.

First Test Date(s): _____

Second Test Date(s): _____

2. [O] Cattle were vaccinated for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV) as stated in number IV.1.

In regard to testing for campylobacteriosis and trichomoniasis:

3. [O] Cattle are either less than 6 months of age, or are female cattle that have not be exposed to intact bulls since 6 months of age, and are exempt from testing.

3. [O] Cattle were tested negative for bovine campylobacteriosis AND bovine trichomoniasis using culture for campylobacteriosis, and either conventional PCR with

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culture, or real-time PCR test for trichomoniasis, according to the WOAHA Terrestrial Test Manual.

Test Date: _____

IV. OTHER VETERINARY TREATMENTS AND INSPECTIONS:

For IBR/IPV, select the option that applies:

1. ☐ Cattle not tested for infectious bovine rhinotracheitis/infectious pustular vulvovaginitis (IBR/IPV) as stated in number III.4. must be vaccinated for IBR/IPV with an inactivated vaccine, in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations, at least 1 month and not more than 6 months prior to shipment.

Date of Vaccination: _____

1. ☐ Cattle were tested for IBR/IPV as stated in number III.2.

Regarding leptospirosis:

2. ☐ Cattle were treated against leptospirosis with one injection of long acting oxytetracycline (20 mg/kg body weight) once during the time of isolation.

Date of Treatment: _____

2. ☐ Cattle were vaccinated against leptospirosis within 60 days prior to export.

Date of Vaccination: _____

2. ☐ Cattle were tested negative for leptospirosis within 60 days prior to export.

Test Date: _____

3. Cattle were protected from attacks from biting flies (i.e. Culicoides) for at least 60 days prior to export using insecticide (approved for use in the United States) according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

4. During the time of isolation, the animals were inspected and treated with an anthelmintic, approved for use in the United States, effective against internal parasites.

Date of Treatment(s): _____

Name of Product(s): _____

5. During the time of isolation, the animals were inspected and treated with an insecticide, approved for use in the United States, effective against external parasites, including biting flies (i.e. Culicoides).

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Date of Treatment(s) : _____

Name of Product(s) : _____

6. Cattle are transported from the isolation to the port of embarkation in vehicles that have been cleaned and disinfected.

7. Cattle are examined 48 hours before export and found to be free from clinical evidence of communicable diseases.

- NOTE: Cattle must be transported in compliance with CFR Part 91.

Name of Accredited Veterinarian

Name of USDA Veterinarian

Signature of Accredited Veterinarian

Signature of USDA Veterinarian

Date

Date